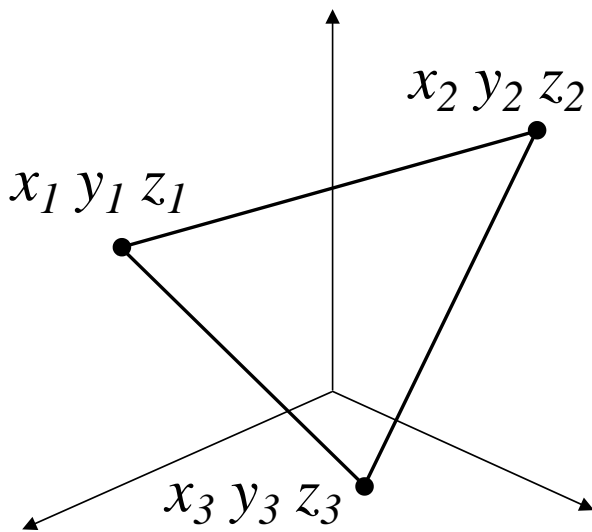


Calculation of 2D Plane and Its Maximum Slope Value/Direction from Three Points on the Plane



Known variables:

Coordinates of three points on plane:

$x_1y_1z_1, x_2y_2z_2$ and $x_3y_3z_3$

Unknown variables:

a = intersection of plane on z axis when x and $y = 0$

b = slope of plane along x axis when $y = 0$

c = slope of plane along y axis when $x = 0$

From equation for a 2D plane*:

$$z = a + bx + cy$$

(* for all planes except those perpendicular to the x, y axes when multiple z values are possible at the same x, y coordinates)

(i) Initial equations:

$$z_1 = a + bx_1 + cy_1$$

$$z_2 = a + bx_2 + cy_2$$

$$z_3 = a + bx_3 + cy_3$$

(ii) Equate the c 's to get two equations for a in terms of b :

$$c = \frac{z_1 - a - bx_1}{y_1} = \frac{z_2 - a - bx_2}{y_2}$$

$$c = \frac{z_1 - a - bx_1}{y_1} = \frac{z_3 - a - bx_3}{y_3}$$

$$\therefore y_2z_1 - ay_2 - bx_1y_2 = y_1z_2 - ay_1 - bx_2y_1$$

$$\therefore y_3z_1 - ay_3 - bx_1y_3 = y_1z_3 - ay_1 - bx_3y_1$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{y_1z_2 - y_2z_1 + b(x_1y_2 - x_2y_1)}{(y_1 - y_2)}$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{y_1z_3 - y_3z_1 + b(x_1y_3 - x_3y_1)}{(y_1 - y_3)}$$

(iii) Equate the a 's to get an equation for b :

$$\frac{y_1z_2 - y_2z_1 + b(x_1y_2 - x_2y_1)}{(y_1 - y_2)} = \frac{y_1z_3 - y_3z_1 + b(x_1y_3 - x_3y_1)}{(y_1 - y_3)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (y_1z_2 - y_2z_1)(y_1 - y_3) + b(x_1y_2 - x_2y_1)(y_1 - y_3) \\ = (y_1z_3 - y_3z_1)(y_1 - y_2) + b(x_1y_3 - x_3y_1)(y_1 - y_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (y_1z_2 - y_2z_1)(y_1 - y_3) - (y_1z_3 - y_3z_1)(y_1 - y_2) \\ = b[(x_1y_3 - x_3y_1)(y_1 - y_2) - (x_1y_2 - x_2y_1)(y_1 - y_3)] \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore b = \frac{(y_1z_2 - y_2z_1)(y_1 - y_3) - (y_1z_3 - y_3z_1)(y_1 - y_2)}{(x_1y_3 - x_3y_1)(y_1 - y_2) - (x_1y_2 - x_2y_1)(y_1 - y_3)}$$

(iv) Similarly, equate the b 's to get two equations for a in terms of c :

$$b = \frac{z_1 - a - cy_1}{x_1} = \frac{z_2 - a - cy_2}{x_2}$$

$$b = \frac{z_1 - a - cy_1}{x_1} = \frac{z_3 - a - cy_3}{x_3}$$

$$\therefore x_2 z_1 - ax_2 - cx_2 y_1 = x_1 z_2 - ax_1 - cx_1 y_2$$

$$\therefore x_3 z_1 - ax_3 - cx_3 y_1 = x_1 z_3 - ax_1 - cx_1 y_3$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{x_1 z_2 - x_2 z_1 + c(x_2 y_1 - x_1 y_2)}{(x_1 - x_2)}$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{x_1 z_3 - x_3 z_1 + c(x_3 y_1 - x_1 y_3)}{(x_1 - x_3)}$$

(v) And equate the a 's to get an equation for c :

$$\frac{x_1 z_2 - x_2 z_1 + c(x_2 y_1 - x_1 y_2)}{(x_1 - x_2)} = \frac{x_1 z_3 - x_3 z_1 + c(x_3 y_1 - x_1 y_3)}{(x_1 - x_3)}$$

$$\therefore c = \frac{(x_1 z_2 - x_2 z_1)(x_1 - x_3) - (x_1 z_3 - x_3 z_1)(x_1 - x_2)}{(x_3 y_1 - x_1 y_3)(x_1 - x_2) - (x_2 y_1 - x_1 y_2)(x_1 - x_3)}$$

(vi) Finally, use one of the initial equations to calculate a :

$$a = z_1 - bx_1 - cy_1$$

(vii) Use Pythagoras Theorem to determine the direction and value of maximum slope:

Angle to maximum slope in xy plane:

$$t = \tan^{-1}(c/b)$$

Distance in xy plane:

$$d = \sqrt{(x_5 - x_4)^2 + (y_5 - y_4)^2}$$

$$x_4 = 0, y_4 = 0, x_5 = b \text{ and } y_5 = c$$

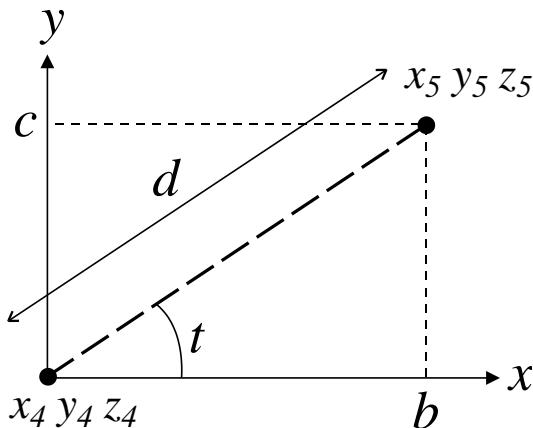
$$\therefore d = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2}$$

Distance in z direction:

$$z_4 = a + bx_4 + cy_4 = a + 0 + 0 = a$$

$$z_5 = a + bx_5 + cy_5 = a + b^2 + c^2$$

$$\therefore z_5 - z_4 = a + b^2 + c^2 - a = b^2 + c^2$$



Value of maximum slope is distance in z direction divided by distance in xy plane:

$$\text{maximum slope} = \frac{(z_5 - z_4)}{d} = \frac{b^2 + c^2}{(b^2 + c^2)^{1/2}} = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2}$$

Therefore a flat plane has a slope of 0.

Typically this slope value will be multiplied by 100 and expressed as a percentage:

$$\therefore 1 \text{ in } 40 \text{ slope} = 0.025 = 2.5\%$$